

# Engaging adolescents in research: reflections from GAGE

Prof. Bassam Abu Hamad and Dr Nicola Jones October 2023, Tunis, Arab Forum for Adolescents



## Gender and Adolescence: Global Evidence (GAGE):

A longitudinal research programme (2016-2026)



By finding out 'what works,' for whom, where and why, we can better support adolescents to maximise their capabilities now and in the future.

We are following 20,000 adolescent girls and boys - the largest cohort of adolescents in the Global South



# What works to support adolescents?



### GAGE's design: broad, intersectional, inclusive, and longitudinal

GAGE is employing a mixed-methods research and impact evaluation design, including:



20,000

#### Quantitative survey

- Surveys with adolescent girls and boys aged 10–12 and 15–17
- Surveys with their female and male caregivers
- Surveys with community leaders and school personnel



800

#### Qualitative research

- In-depth interviews with nodal adolescents, their siblings, caregivers and community leaders
- Key informant interviews and historical process tracing
- Policy and legal analysis to understand the politics of policy and programme implementation



Adolescents

#### Annual participatory research

- Peer research and participatory photography with nodal adolescents and their peer networks to better pinpoint shifts in adolescent capabilities over time
- Social network analysis to understand the evolving influence of peer groups throughout adolescence

# Tools to capture diverse adolescent voices



Our qualitative tools allow adolescents to tell us about themselves and their needs in their own ways.

- My favourite things—What do you love and why?
- **Community mapping**—What services and spaces can you access? How adolescent-friendly are they?
- Social network hexagons—What trusted adult and peer networks can you turn to for support?





Case study:
Participatory research pilot study in Gaza



# Purpose and approach

#### Why?

- To explore the challenges and opportunities adolescents face in a chronically conflict-affected contexts like Gaza,
- Help to empower girls/boys to critically reflect and articulate their concerns and priorities to programme implementers and policy decisionmakers

#### Approach?

- A purposive group of 35 diverse adolescent girls and 10 boys, 16-19-years, mostly refugees
- Participated in weekly activities including peer-topeer interviews and photography, drawing, theatre, documentary film making





### What motivated adolescent researchers to participate?

- Treating young people in a respectful way, fulfilling promises
- Being involved in the project design and implementation
- Feeling of empowerment, sense of achievement and using innovative approaches
- Convenient place for meetings and providing mentoring support
- Ensuring no negative impacts of participation on their school attendance and achievement
- Involving their parents and facilitating intergenerational dialogue
- Securing transportation expenses
- Certificate of participation





## Takeaways from the reflection ceremony

- At the Role Models Quiz, adults highlighted that adolescents now have less resources than before, more psychosocial problems, risk of violence, loss of hope and lack of recreational opportunities.
- Caregivers noted that adolescents today have to contend with living in vacuum/empty life, lost generation, less commitment to the community and national issues, misuse of IT.
- Adolescents highlighted issues that adults are unaware of including lack of services tailored to adolescents' age and gender-specific needs, lack of effective communication with parents, lack of agency due to limited mobility and a heavy toll on their psychosocial wellbeing.





## Lessons learned about participatory research

- Supporting adolescent to appraises services and undertake an action agenda to meet age and gender needs provides rich insights about adolescents' lived experiences
- Involving adolescents and their parents in planning is essential;
   families mostly concerned about school achievement.
- On-the-job training is essential to build capacity of facilitators and young researchers, supported by facilitation materials
- Obtaining ethical approvals and community buy-in is essential
- Realism in planning is essential (feasibility) avoid overwhelming young people with tasks
- Participatory research is resource and time intensive, requiring a lot of energy
- Using a variety of methods to present issues facing adolescents is essential, photos alone cannot capture everything



'i om holding a model of the globe. I wrote on my hands siege on the left hand and freedom on the right. Also I am wearing a bracelet with the siagon "free Gaza". I lidit this because I need to tell people that we need liberty, freedom of movement and our right to trave!" Photo is token by 6 Mad Al Qassas August 2016



# Challenge for audience

# Adolescents with disabilities By exploring how sex, age and disability intersect with Access our publication on adolescents with disabilities by scanning the QR code

The Gender and Adolescence: Global Evidence (GAGE)

GAGE is following the lives of approximately 20,000

adolescents in six low- and middle-income countries from

aid involving 35 global partner organisations.

programme is a ten year (2016 - 2026) mixed methods

longitudinal research and evaluation study funded by UK



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GenderandAdolescence

#### **About GAGE:**

- Gender and Adolescence: Global Evidence (GAGE) is a decade-long (2016-2026) mixedmethods longitudinal research programme focused on what works to support adolescent girls' and boys' capabilities in the second decade of life and beyond.
- We are following the lives of 20,000 adolescents in six focal countries in Africa, Asia and the Middle East.



